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§5–104.

- (a) (1) The alcoholic beverage tax does not apply to an alcoholic beverage that is:
 - (i) brought into the State by a person in accordance with:
- 1. an import–export permit under § 2–123(b) of the Alcoholic Beverages Article;
- 2. a nonbeverage permit under $\S 2-164$ of the Alcoholic Beverages Article; or
- 3. a nonresident storage permit under § 2–115 of the Alcoholic Beverages Article;
- (ii) sold or delivered by a person who holds a Class E, F, or G alcoholic beverage license, while the licensee is operating an aircraft, vessel, or train outside boundaries of the State, including airspace and waterways;
- (iii) beer or wine that is family-produced and is brought into, possessed, or transported in the State by an individual who is a member of that family if:
 - 1. the individual is at least 21 years of age; and
- 2. the beer or wine is for personal use or for entry in a licensed national family beer and wine exhibition; or
- (iv) brought into the State by a person for storage pending shipment outside of the State, if the alcoholic beverage:
- 1. is not held for sale, consignment, or delivery in the State;
 - 2. is under a customs bond; and
 - 3. is stored in a public bonded warehouse.

- (2) The exemption under paragraph (1)(ii) of this subsection does not apply to an alcoholic beverage sold or delivered by a person who holds a Class E, F, or G alcoholic beverage license while the licensee is operating an aircraft, vessel, or train within the boundaries of the State, including airspace and waterways.
 - (b) (1) The alcoholic beverage tax does not apply to:
- (i) an alcoholic beverage bought by a person whom a proper authority of the United States allows to buy alcoholic beverages for sale and use on a federal reservation in the State where the person is assigned;
- (ii) wine bought and used for sacramental purposes by a religious organization affiliated with and recognized by a generally acknowledged religious faith; or
- (iii) wine or distilled spirits bought and used for medicinal purposes by a bona fide hospital.
- (2) A person under paragraph (1) of this subsection who pays the alcoholic beverage tax may obtain the exemption by filing a claim for refund with the Comptroller.
- (c) (1) The alcoholic beverage tax does not apply to an alcoholic beverage that a consumer at least 21 years of age brings into the State for personal use:
- (i) if the quantity brought from within the continental United States does not exceed:
 - 1. at any one time, one quart;
 - 2. in 1 calendar month, two quarts; and
- 3. a total of 1 gallon in the consumer's possession at any one time;
- (ii) if the quantity brought from American Samoa, Guam, or the Virgin Islands of the United States does not exceed 1 gallon; or
- (iii) if the total quantity brought from any other place outside the continental United States does not exceed 1 gallon, the 1st quart of that gallon.
- (2) A consumer under paragraph (1)(iii) of this subsection may obtain the exemption for the 1st quart by:

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- (ii) paying the alcoholic beverage tax on the quantity of alcoholic beverages that exceeds 1 quart.

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